



Online workshop

EMG FUNDAMENTALS

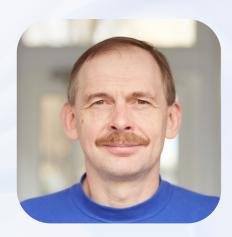
September 23–25

SPEAKERS



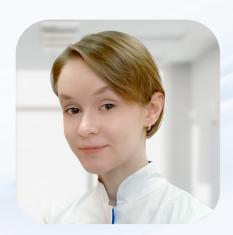
Dmitry DruzhininNeurologist, neurophysiologist, MD, PhD, the Head of Russian Assosiation of Clinical

Assosiation of Clinical Neurophysiology, member of the Russian Neuromuscular Diseases society



Michael Babaev

Neurosoft EMG product manager



Anastasia Kanonirova

Neurologist, member of the European Academy of Neurology



Aleksander Chibirev

Neurologist, Neurosoft EMG medical consultant, the member of Russian Assosiation of Clinical Neurophisiology

THE FIRST DAY | 23.09

WELCOME&INTRODUCTION NCS general issues electrodes placement principles of examination stimulation sites · major nerves (median, ulnar, peroneal, tibial, and sural nerves) TYPES OF PERIPHERAL NERVE LESIONS ACCORDING TO EMG RESULTS axonal, demyelinating, conduction block **BREAK** MOTOR RESPONSE — PRINCIPLES OF ACQUISITION SENSORY RESPONSE — PRINCIPLES OF ORTHODROMIC AND ANTIDROMIC TECHNIQUES LATE RESPONSES — F-WAVE, H-REFLEX **DECREMENT-TEST (REPETITIVE STIMULATION)** principles of examination, neuromuscular junction testing DISCUSSION

THE SECOND DAY | 24.09

NEEDLE EMG — ELECTRODES, ANALYSIS OF SPONTANEOUS ACTIVITY, ANALYSIS OF MUP. MAIN TYPES OF LESIONS — MYOGENIC, NEUROGENIC PATTERNS EMG IN MOTOR NEURON DISEASE — DIAGNOSTIC ALGORITHM BREAK EMG IN PRIMARY MUSCULAR LESIONS — ALGORITHM, TARGET MUSCLE SELECTION EMG IN PERIPHERAL NERVE INJURY EMG IN POLYNEUROPATHY — DIAGNOSTIC, TYPES OF LESIONS **DISCUSSION**

THE THIRD DAY | 25.09

INTRODUCTION WITH NEUROSOFT EMG CREATING A NEW EXAM NCS MOTOR (median, ulnar, tibial, peroneal nerves) NCS SENSORY (median, ulnar, sural, peroneal nerves) LATE RESPONSES — F-wave using linked test DECREMENT-TEST (REPETITIVE STIMULATION) BREAK NEEDLE EMG — ASSESSMENT OF SPONTANEOUS ACTIVITY, MUP RECRUITMENT, ANALYSIS OF MUP PARAMETERS (AMPLITUDE, DURATION), PLACEMENT OF MARKERS ON MUP **CREATING A REPORT** DISCUSSION